

Exposure Control Plan – Methylene Chloride					
Principal Investigator/Laboratory Ma	anager:		Date:		
Lab Personnel Name(s):					
Building:			Lab Number(s):		
Description of Experiment or Proced	ure:				
	INTRODUCTIO	)N			
Methylene chloride (CAS # 75-09-2) is a clear, colorless liquid with a sweet, chloroform-like odor. It is volatile, slightly soluble in water, and miscible with most organic solvents. It is also referred to as dichloromethane (DCM), methylene dichloride, or methylene bichloride. This exposure control plan applies to all forms of methylene chloride at greater than 0.1% by weight, including the deuterated form (CAS # 1665-00-5). Methylene chloride is commonly used as a solvent, reagent, analytical standard, or other experimental substance in laboratories for chemical analysis, chemical synthesis, instrument calibration, dissolving other substances, extracting and purifying other chemicals, and other uses in research and development.					
Inhaling the vapor may cause mental may cause increased staggering, unco eyes and respiratory tract. Long term	confusion, light-headedness, n onsciousness, and even death. I exposure has been linked to ca	ausea, vomit High vapor co ancer.	ing, and headache. Continued exposure oncentrations may cause irritation of the		
CHEMICAL	GHS PICTOGRAMS		HAZARDS		
Methylene Chloride			e <b>Effects:</b> Eye irritant, skin irritant, drowsiness ziness (Central Nervous System)		
	Effects: Suspected carcinogen, damage to Liver, Kidneys, Blood)				
OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS					
EPA Exposure Li	mit		Concentration		
Action Level			1 ppm (4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )		
(Based on an 8-hour Time Weighted /	Average)		τι <sup>-</sup>		
Existing Chemical Exposure Limit (ECEL) 2 ppm (8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) (Based on an 8-hour Time Weighted Average)			2 ppm (8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )		

Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) – 15 minutes		16	16 ppm (57 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )				
SECTION 1. TRAINING REQUIR	SECTION 1. TRAINING REQUIREMENTS						
	TRAINING DOCUMENTATI	ON			YES	NO	
Have lab personnel completed and all other required EHS trai *Lab personnel must complete	l Lab Safety and Chemical Wasten nings? Lab personnel can check all required EHS trainings prior t	e Managem their traini to working v	ent training in ng history in H vith methylene	the last year luskySMS. e chloride.			
SECTION 2. ADMINISTRATIVE	CONTROLS						
	Work Practices				Yes	No	
Has the principal investigator ( methylene chloride?	PI)/laboratory manager approv	ed lab pers	onnel to <b>work</b>	alone with			
Has the safety data sheet (SDS	) for methylene chloride been r	eviewed by	lab personne	!?			
Have lab personnel substitute	d or reduced the quantity of me	thylene chl	oride, if possik	ole?			
If substitution or quantity reduction of methylene chloride is not feasible, please explain why:Write why methylene chlorid over other options.				de must be	in the lab		
SECTION 3. INITIAL AND PERIODIC MONITORING							
The EPA requires exposure monitoring to ensure all individuals working with methylene chloride are not being exposed at or above the EPA ECEL and STEL. Prior to beginning operations involving methylene chloride or modifying existing operations in any manner that may increase exposure, lab personnel must notify EHS to perform an exposure assessment.					oosed at essment.		
Monitoring Date:		Sample A	nalysis Lab:				
Write the results (ppm or mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) of the methylene chloride monitoring?				Write result in ppm or mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
Did the results of the monitoring exceed the Action Level (1ppm), ECEL (2ppm) or STEL (16ppm)?				Write Yes or No			
What is the next periodic monitoring requirement (Review the table below to find the requirement)?				Write Date			
Air Concentration Requirement Periodic Monitoring Req			uirement				
1. The initial exposure monitoring concentration is below the ECEL action level and at or below the EPA STEL.ECEL and EPA STEL period years.			odic monitoring	at least on	ce every 5		
2. The initial exposure monitoring concentration is below the ECEL action level and above the EPA STEL.ECEL periodic monitoring at least once EPA STEL periodic monitoring is require			every 5 years AND red every 3 months.				

3. The initial exposure monitoring concentration is at or above the ECEL action level and at or below the ECEL; and at or below the EPA STEL.	ECEL monitoring every 6 mon	ths					
<ol> <li>The initial exposure monitoring concentration is at or above the ECEL action level and at or below the ECEL; and above the EPA STEL.</li> </ol>	ry 6 months AND EPA STEL nonths.						
5. The initial exposure monitoring concentration is above the ECEL and below, at, or above the EPA STEL.	ry 3 month nonths.	ns AND EPA	STEL				
SECTION 4. REGULATED AREA							
A <b>Regulated Area</b> distinguishes places where airborne concer reasonable possibility they may exceed, the applicable EPA Ex exposure limit (STEL). The principal investigator or laboratory	ntrations of methylene chloride sisting Chemical Exposure Limit manager must establish and ma	exceed, or (ECEL) and ark the reg	there is a short-term julated area	) Э.			
Work Practices			Yes	No			
Has a regulated area been established for methylene chloride If so, write the location(s) in the lab:							
Has the regulated area been marked with adequate signage a							
Is access to the regulated area restricted to lab personnel wit protective equipment?	I						
List all lab personnel with access to the Regulated Area:							
SECTION 5. ENGINEERING CONTROLS							
□ Chemical Fume Hood □ Local Exhaust (e.g., snorkels) □ Glove Box □ Other							
Work Practices	Yes	No	NA				
Is the chemical fume hood(s) running between 80-120 linear twithin the last year?							
Have the glove box, local exhaust ventilation, or other contro running within manufacturer's specifications?							
Have lab personnel been trained to ensure the selected engine properly used, maintained, and decontaminated?							

If an engineering control method is not selected, the
PI/laboratory manager must document why these are not
feasible, not effective, or otherwise not implemented:

Describe why engineering controls are not selected here (If applicable).

SECTION 6. WORK PRACTICE CONTROLS							
	Work Practices		Yes	No			
Have all secondary containers been labeled	d with the chemical name and hazard o	classes?					
Are all original containers and secondary c	ontainers tightly sealed when not in us	se?					
Have smaller stock containers of methylen	e chloride been purchased to reduce e	exposure?					
Is methylene chloride stored away from st sources, and other incompatible chemicals	rong oxidizers, strong acids, metals, an ?	nines, ignition					
Is methylene chloride transported in secor or another compatible material?	idary containment, preferably compos	ed of polyethylene					
Are storage and work areas with methylen	e chloride kept clean, orderly, and in a	sanitary condition?					
Do lab personnel wash hands thoroughly v chloride and prior to exiting the lab?							
SECTION 7. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (Select all that apply)							
Body Part	Body Part Personal Protective Equipment						
Image: Supervised state       Image: Supervised state <td></td>							
Inner Glove (Required) Outer Glove (F				ecommended)			
□ Hand Protection	<ul> <li>Polyethylene/ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVOH)</li> <li>Polyethylene vinyl alcohol and ethylene vinyl alcohol (PVA/EVA)</li> <li>Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)</li> <li>Viton<sup>®</sup>/Butyl Polymer</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	□ Nitrile □ Neoprene □ Other					

Body Protection		<ul><li>Lab coat</li><li>Long pants</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Plastic or rubber apron</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>		
□ Foot Protection		Closed-toed footwear Other			
□ Respiratory Protection		<ul> <li>Supplied air respirator</li> <li>Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA)</li> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>			
Hearing Protection		Ear plugs     Earmuffs	<ul> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>		
□ Other		Please write in other requi	red personal protective equipment (if applicable)		
<ol> <li>SECTION 8. EMERGENCY PROCEDURES</li> <li>Relocate to a safe location. Close door(s) to lab.</li> <li>Call 911.</li> <li>If safe, post a "NO ENTRY" sign(s) or other warning information on the door(s).</li> <li>Evacuate the building through the nearest exit. Do not run. Do not use elevators.</li> <li>Do not re-enter area until instructed to do so by the UConn Fire Department or other emergency personnel.</li> <li>Report the accident to the principal investigator/laboratory manager.</li> </ol>					
First Aid- Eyes	1.Move to the eyewash, forcibly hold eyelids open and begin flushing both eyes with war2.Remove contact lenses and eyewear while flushing (if applicable).3.Dial 911 or have someone else dial 911.4.Keep flushing eyes under the eyewash until emergency personnel arrive.5.Report incident to the Pl/laboratory manager and EHS.				
First Aid - Ingestion	<ol> <li>Immediat NOT indu</li> <li>Have ano</li> <li>Report indu</li> </ol>	Immediately rinse the mouth with water and then drink water (two glasses at most). Do NOT induce vomiting. Have another person from the lab dial <b>911</b> . Report incident to the PI/laboratory manager and EHS.			
First Aid- Inhalation	<ol> <li>Move to f</li> <li>Dial <b>911</b> c</li> <li>Report ind</li> </ol>	o fresh air. 1 or have someone else dial <b>911</b> . incident to the PI/laboratory manager and EHS.			

		Move to safety shower, pull shower handle, and flush affected area with water.
First Aid- Skin	2.	Remove contaminated clothing while flushing (if applicable). Do not pull clothes overhead.
	3.	Dial <b>911</b> or have someone else dial <b>911</b> .
	4.	Keep rinsing affected area until emergency personnel arrive.

5. Report incident to the PI/laboratory manager and EHS.

## SECTION 10. REGULATED WASTE MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES (Select and describe waste management practices.)

- All methylene chloride waste, including gloves contaminated with methylene chloride, must be labeled with a "Hazardous Waste" sticker or tag, use full chemical names to describe the waste (i.e., no chemical abbreviations or symbols), be stored in sturdy, plastic containers with tight-fitting caps or lids, and be stored alone or with other compatible chemicals.
- Hazardous wastes with methylene chloride must be stored at or near a green "Satellite Accumulation Area" sign prior to pick-up and disposal by EHS.

SECTION 11. DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES			
Work Areas	Describe how lab personnel will decontaminate equipment, glassware, and work areas following the usage of methylene chloride.		
Personal Hygiene	Describe the personal hygiene practices lab personnel must use following the usage of methylene chloride (e.g., proper handwashing techniques, proper removal of gloves, etc.).		

## SECTION 12A. LAB PERSONNEL APPROVAL

*I have reviewed and will follow the requirements in this lab-specific exposure control plan (ECP) for methylene chloride. I understand that further approval from the PI/Laboratory Manager is required if any of the following events occur:* 

- A change in the amount of methylene chloride in the procedure is planned.
- A change in the agreed-upon experimental set-up is planned.
- Signs of a failure in safety design or equipment are observed.
- Signs or symptoms of a chemical exposure are observed.
- Unexpected and/or potentially dangerous experimental results occur (e.g., fire, uncontrolled buildup of heat and/or pressure.

Lab Personnel Name (Print)	Net ID	Date	Signature

SECTION 12B. PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR/LABORATORY MANAGER APPROVAL							
I approve of the contents of this lab-specific exposure control plan for methylene chloride. I also agree to review and update the exposure control plan to ensure the effectiveness of the exposure controls, identify any updates, and confirm that all persons are properly implementing the exposure controls.							
Principal Investigator/Laboratory Manager Name (Print) Date Signature							
A HARD OR ELECTRONIC COPY OF THE ECP MUST BE READILY AVAILBALE IN THE LAB.							